

HLT41807 Certificate IV in Pathology Pre-Assessment Interview Form

Learner details

Learner's name		Phone No.
Work placement required <small>(Applicable only if not currently working in pathology)</small>	I will arrange my own work experience <input type="checkbox"/> YES I may need assistance with work placement <input type="checkbox"/> YES	
Duration of work placement	2 weeks	
Additional support required	YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/> Please identify the extra help you may need.	

Work History

Indicate in the space provided any work experience that you feel is relevant to your application (or attach your resume). This may include either full or part-time experience, voluntary or paid work.

Employment Details

Employer name and address	Position and dates	Contact person and address	Type of work undertaken

Part 1 Comprehension

Venepuncture is the method by which blood is drawn in most cases, and it may also be called phlebotomy . It refers to using a needle to pierce the skin and to access a vein so that a small amount of blood can be removed for various studies. Most people will experience venepuncture at some time in their lives, to either test for disease or to evaluate the various elements in blood that might indicate poor health.

The majority of adults will have blood drawn from the area inside the elbow called the cubital fossa, where the phlebotomist can access the median cubital vein. The standard method is to insert a needle through the skin and into this vein, which may first be slightly enlarged by using a tourniquet for a minute. Blood is then usually extracted by using a special vacuum tube that will hold the blood until it has various tests performed on it. Since people may require several tests from a single venepuncture, more than one vacuum tube may be used to collect the blood.

Some people may need to receive regular phlebotomy. For example, people who have an overabundance of iron in the blood have a condition called hemochromatosis. These patients require the removal of blood on a regular basis. Those with a condition called polycythemia have bodies that produce too many red blood cells. Patients with this condition need to have frequent phlebotomy as well. This procedure is called venesection.

Comprehension Questions:

Mark the following statements true or false.

- a. A phlebotomist is one who examines blood for diseases True/False
- b. A tourniquet is used of dilate the vein True/False
- c. Most blood collection tubes are vaccumed sealed True/False
- d. Venesection means a person has too may red blood cells True/False
- e. An overabundance of iron in the blood is haemochromatosis True/False

/5

Part 2: Written task legibility, spelling, punctuation, accuracy, number of words

In your own words what do you consider the qualities needed to be a team leader in a pathology collection centre? (40 words)

/5



Part 3: Describe your understanding of the following terms

a) confidentiality

b) Aseptic technique

c) haematoma

d) Informed consent

e) Infectious waste

/5

STEPS	INSTRUCTIONS	MARK
1.	Comprehension	/5
2.	Article (written)	/5
3.	Questions	/5

Total:

/15

